

Derivative Strategies ETF Report

November 2023

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Main Principles Behind Global X's Classification System for Derivative-Based Strategies

Principle 1

The product must utilize derivatives as a core component of its investment strategy. This does not necessarily mean that derivatives must make up the majority of the ETF's portfolio. However, derivatives must serve a key purpose in achieving the investment objective stated in the ETF's prospectus.

Principle 2

The derivative-based strategy can be utilized over a long-term period from the standpoint that it is able to be used tactically, for temporary exposure to express a market view, or within a strategic allocation. Strategies whose core objective is to be a daily trading tool will most likely not be considered for inclusion.

Principle 3

The strategy must use derivatives as a means to achieve 1 or more of the 3 main use cases of derivatives by either buying or selling short a specific type of derivative:

- a. Risk Management
- b. Derivative Income
- c. Performance Enhancement

The Four Layers of the Global X Classification System for Derivative-Based Strategies

Layer 1 – Derivative Objective

Representing the broadest layer, this gives an understanding as to the core objective of the fund, utilizing the 3 derivative use cases of either Risk Management, Derivative Income, or Performance Enhancement.

Layer 2 – Derivative Strategy

This layer will provide investors the means by which the investment objective is being pursued. For example, an ETF that utilizes derivatives with a risk management objective can be generated using either a tail risk strategy to provide a level of downside protection or a collar strategy to provide a range-bound return outcome.

Layer 3 – Derivative Overlay

This layer describes the specific types of options positions or options packages being used to achieve the stated strategy. For example, an equity tail risk strategy on the S&P 500 may potentially be achieved by either purchasing a protective put option on this index or with a long position on VIX options.

Layer 4 – Derivative Tactic

This final layer helps to communicate to investors any unique considerations regarding the options overlay being used. For example, a strategy offering synthetic exposure may be access vehicles to a type of option or options strategy that is meant to offer investors the ability to implement their own hedges within a portfolio allocation.

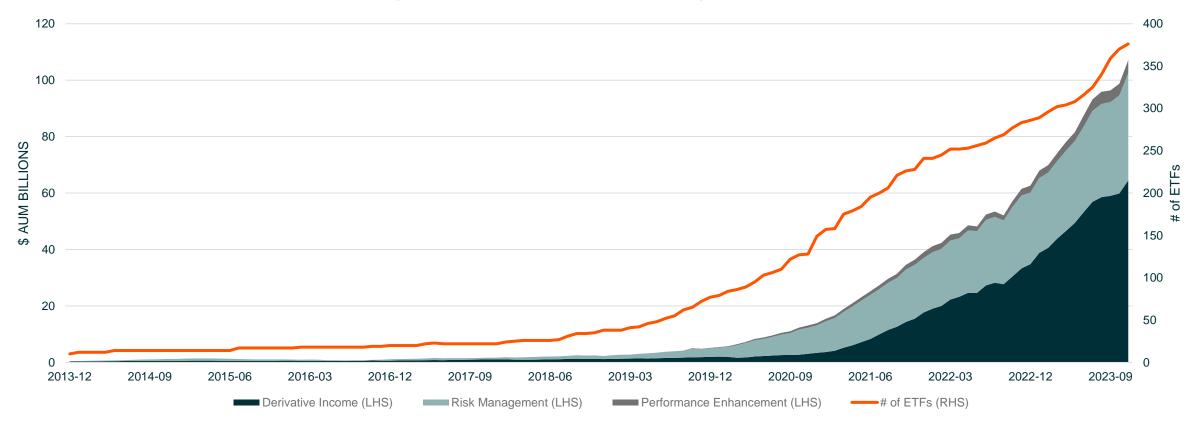
Defining & Categorizing Derivative-Based Strategies: Global X's Classification System

All strategies within the Global X classification system have a Derivative Objective (Layer 1). However, it should be noted that some strategies may not have additional layer classifications, dependent on the usage of options within the ETF's strategy.

Derivative Objective (Layer 1)	Derivative Strategy (Layer 2)	Derivative Overlay (Layer 3)	Derivative Tactic (Layer 4)
Derivative Income	BuyWrite	Covered Call	
		Covered Call & Growth	
	PutWrite	Barrier Options	
	Futures-Based Income	Index Dividend Futures	
		VIX Futures Premium	
	Risk Managed Income	Net-Credit Collar	
	Spread Strategy	Bear Call Spread	
		Bull Put Spread	
Performance Enhancement	Economic Leverage	Long Call Options	
		Futures	
		Total Return Swap	
	Spread Strategy	Bull Call Spread	>100% Notional Coverage
		Bull Put Spread	
Risk Management	Collar Strategy	Put Spread Collar	Defined-Outcome
		Protective Collar	Defined-Outcome
	Credit Hedge	OTC Credit Derivatives	
	Inflation Hedge	Inflation Swaps	
		Yield Curve Options	
	Interest Rate Hedge	Interest Rate Swaps	
		Swaptions	Synthetic Exposure
	Spread Strategy	Bull Call Spread	
	Tail Risk	Fixed Income + Synthetic Equity	
		Long Put Options	
		Protective Put	
		Protective Put Spread	
		VIX Hedge	
	PutWrite		

Derivative Strategy ETF Landscape

At the end of November 2023, there were a total of 380 Derivative Strategy ETFs with roughly \$107B in assets under management (AUM), representing 74% year over year growth. This development has been driven by contributions to funds with all three option objectives. Most notably, so far in 2023, Derivative Income strategies have taken in new assets totaling approximately \$29B.



Source: Global X ETFs, Morningstar Direct. Data measured from October 31st, 2013 to November 30th, 2023.

Note: AUM includes assets of funds closed until the last month of trading activity

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Derivative Income ETFs Continue To See Exceptional Demand

Within the Derivative ETF ecosystem, Derivative Income represents the largest category. That said, all objective categories experienced positive inflows during the month of November. With the bulk of the fund flows targeted towards Derivative Income and Risk Management, this may highlight investors' strong appetite and preference to utilize derivative strategies for both income and protection against losses.



Source: Global X ETFs, Morningstar Direct. As of November 30th, 2023.

Note: AUM includes assets of funds closed until the last month of trading activity

Derivative Income Landscape Update

Buywrite strategies account for the broad majority of assets under management within the Derivative Income category and they continued to lead in flows in November with some \$1.7B in net new assets. Risk managed income strategies, meanwhile, has maintained net outflows for 2023, suggesting that investors have prioritized yield over risk mitigation this year.



Source: Global X ETFs, Morningstar Direct. As of November 30th, 2023.

Note: AUM includes assets of funds closed until the last month of trading activity

Risk Management Landscape Update

Within the Risk Management category, Collar strategies remained the most prominently implemented derivative-based ETFs, driving new assets of roughly \$1.4 billion in the month of November. Overall, Risk Management strategies lost momentum in November, as the broad rally in U.S. equities potentially reduced investor appetite for downside protection.



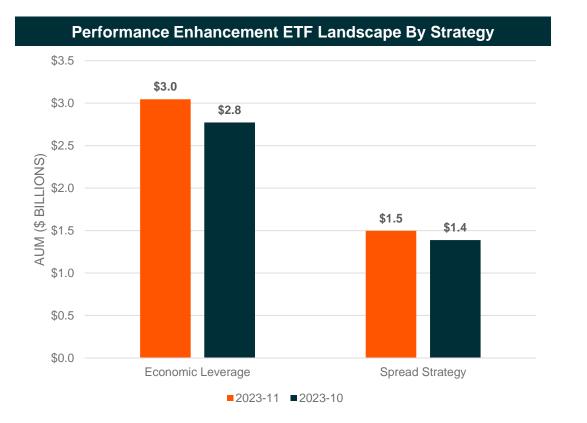
Source: Global X ETFs, Morningstar Direct. As of November 30th, 2023.

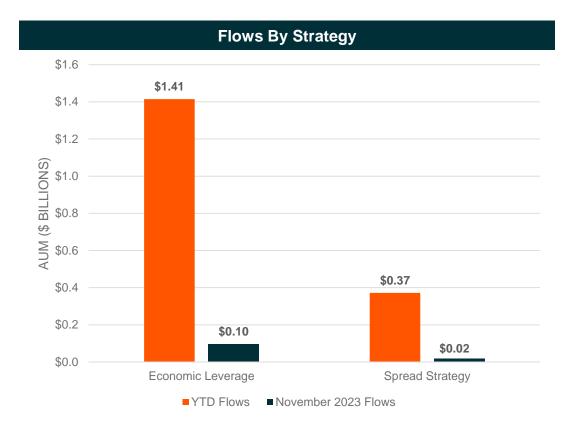
Note: AUM includes assets of funds closed until the last month of trading activity

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Performance Enhancement Landscape Update

Flows remained positive for Performance Enhancement strategies during the month of November, potentially reflecting bullish investor sentiment as investors anticipate a decision from the Federal Reserve to potentially cut rates next year. Growth in Derivative ETF instruments with a Performance Enhancement objective remains strong, with assets up approximately 88% year to date.





Source: Global X ETFs, Morningstar Direct. As of November 30th, 2023.

Note: AUM includes assets of funds closed until the last month of trading activity

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Key Takeaways

Takeaway 1 – Derivative ETFs Reach AUM Milestone

Derivative ETFs surpassed \$100B in AUM in November, reaching \$107B by the close of the month.¹ Asset growth was driven by monthly flows of \$3.6B and robust performance in U.S. equities, with the S&P 500 returning 9.13% over the month on a total return basis.² This represents rapid growth in assets for Derivative ETFs, which began 2023 with \$63B in assets.³ Derivative Income strategies were responsible for the majority of asset growth as investor demand for income has remained strong throughout this year.

Takeaway 2 – Risk Management Lost Momentum

Risk Management ETFs saw accelerating inflows in October amidst market weakness and concerns around geopolitical risks bringing in \$2.0B in net flows.⁴ That trend reversed in November, with monthly inflows falling to \$1.4B.⁵ Overall, demand remains strong, with Risk Management Strategies bringing in \$9.3B in new assets this year⁵, but the change in momentum could be a signal that investors' outlook has brightened. The Federal Reserve will be in focus next year, as moderating inflation has stoked enthusiasm about the potential for a "soft landing."

Takeaway 3 – Buywrite Maintains Popularity

Buywrite ETFs have taken in \$27B in net new assets this year, accounting for 67% of flows into all Derivative ETFs.⁶ This trend held true in November, with Buywrite strategies receiving \$1.7B in net flows.⁷ The popularity of Buywrite strategies was established during the ultra-low-rate period following the COVID-19 Pandemic, but demand has remained robust this year despite elevated interest rates.

¹Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 11/01/2023 to 11/30/2023. ²Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2022 to 11/30/2023. ⁴Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023 to 11/30/2023. ⁴Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 10/01/2023 to 10/31/2023. ⁵Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023 to 11/30/2023. ⁴Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 10/01/2023 to 11/30/2023. ⁵Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2022 to 11/30/2023. ⁵Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁵Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁵Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁵Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁶Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁶Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁶Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁶Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁶Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁶Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁶Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁶Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁶Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁶Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁶Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31/2023. ⁶Source: Global X ETFs with data from Morningstar Direct measured from 12/31



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Important Information

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The Global X Derivative Strategy Classification System is based on the expertise, views, and opinions of the Global X Derivative Strategy Classification Committee and are subject to change.

Global X defines thematic investing as the process of identifying powerful disruptive macro-level trends and the underlying investments that stand to benefit from the materialization of those trends. By nature, thematic investing is a long term, growth-oriented strategy, that is typically unconstrained geographically or by traditional sector/industry classifications, has low correlation to other growth strategies, and invests in relatable concepts.

The process to identify a derivative-based strategy incorporates three main principles:

- 1. The product must utilize derivatives as a core component of its investment strategy. This does not necessarily mean that derivatives must make up the majority of the ETF's portfolio. However, derivatives must serve a key purpose in achieving the investment objective stated in the ETF's prospectus.
- 2. The derivative-based strategy can be utilized over a long-term period from the standpoint that it is able to be used tactically, for temporary exposure to express a market view, or within a strategic allocation. Strategies whose core objective is to be a daily trading tool will most likely not be considered for inclusion.
- 3. The strategy must use derivatives as a means to achieve 1 or more of the 3 main use cases of derivatives by either buying or selling short a specific type of derivative:
- Risk Management These are strategies with an objective of achieving higher risk-adjusted returns by lowering overall portfolio volatility with the usage of derivatives.
- Income Strategies that utilize derivatives as a core investment to potentially achieve high income for its investors.
- Performance Enhancement Strategies that use derivatives to enhance the upside potential for capital appreciation, typically increasing the economic leverage used within a portfolio.

Taking the above principles into account, it should be noted that the derivative-based classification system does not consist of leveraged/inverse ETFs whose core objective is to track an index that rebalances daily. This goes against the 2nd principle stated above regarding the strategy being a long-term investment.

Based on the definitions and principles described above, the derivative-based classification system is organized into multiple layers for a more refined understanding as to the objective of each strategy. Note that some options strategies can be utilized for multiple purposes, whether that be for Income, Risk Management, or Performance Enhancement, resulting in some categories appearing more than one time. The system consists of four layers of classification: (1) Derivative Objective (2) Derivative Strategy (3) Derivative Overlay and; (4) Derivative Tactic.

'Derivative Objective' is the broadest layer and this gives an understanding as to the core objective of the fund, utilizing the 3 derivative use cases defined in the Principles section: (1) Risk Management, (2) Derivative Income, and (3) Performance Enhancement. One layer down is 'Derivative Strategy,' which will provide investors the means by which the investment objective is being pursued. For example, an ETF that utilizes derivatives with a Risk Management objective can be generated using either a Tail Risk Strategy to provide a level of downside protection or a Collar Strategy to provide a range-bound return outcome. Although slightly different, the commonality between these two overlays are the fact that their core purpose is to provide Risk Management.

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Important Information (Continued)

Further down, we identify 'Derivative Overlay' as a layer describes the specific derivatives being used and the manner in which they are being used (Long or Short, Bull or Bear). For example, a Tail Risk overlay can obtain a level of downside protection using many kinds of derivatives. Some overlays include either "going-long" with put options via a Protective Put or harnessing VIX Futures as an overlay on an existing stock portfolio. Lastly, 'Derivative Tactic' help to communicate to investors any unique considerations regarding the options overlay being used. For example, a strategy offering a Synthetic Exposure are primarily meant to be exposure vehicles to. Another example is a Defined-Outcome ETF, which utilizes put spread collars to offer a specific level of downside protection with capped upside potential if held over the course of the stated "outcome-period", making each iteration different from one another.

The number of derivative objectives, derivative strategies, derivative overlays, and derivative tactics are expected to change as new derivative-based strategies come to market. These updates will be made by the Global X Derivative Strategy Classification Committee ("the committee") and take into account official fund prospectus filings as well as fund company materials.

The ETF industry is continually innovating to provide unique derivative exposures to investors. The Global X Derivative Strategy Classification Committee evaluates these innovations by first investigating if a fund aligns with the core three principles of what it believes a derivative strategy to be. Then, once a fund is deemed a "Derivative Strategy", the committee identifies what the core objective is, how this objective is being achieved, and what types of derivative positions are being utilized within the strategy by reviewing prospectuses, index methodologies (if applicable), stated objectives by the fund company, as well as underlying holdings. Once per month, the committee will review all new U.S.-Listed ETF launches to determine if the fund should be added and how it should be classified. In addition, the committee will also review any strategy changes that have occurred amongst existing ETFs within the Classification System that might merit reporting in the next monthly Derivative Strategy ETF Report.

While an ETF may engage in multiple objectives or strategies utilizing derivatives, the committee will determine the classification based on the true nature of the ETF.

While an ETF may be classified within a certain objective, strategy, overlay, or tactic, Global X does not give any assurances that the ETF provides good and accurate exposure to the specific exposure it is targeting. For example, an ETF may convey or market itself in a specific manner but still utilize a specific derivative trading strategy that has its own nomenclature.

The derivative classification system is reviewed monthly by the Global X Derivative Strategy Classification Committee to consider new changes and/or additions to the layers (categories) stated above. In addition, the committee will also seek to add newly launched, U.S.-listed ETFs that fit the 3 main principles of a derivative-based strategy.

In the event that an ETF changes its investment objective to another one that goes against the 3 principles of a derivative-based strategy, the strategy will be removed from the classification system and its historical assets under management data will be maintained within the monthly report. On the other hand, if an ETF changes it investment objective to something that fits within the parameters of the 3 principles, it will be considered for inclusion in the classification system where its AUM will start to be reflected in the report.

Global X accepts requests for reviews or appeals for any ETFs. Please contact Global X at research@globalxetfs.com, and the appeal will be considered in a timely manner. There are no guarantees that an appeal will result in a change in the ETF's classification.

Important Information (Continued)

The Derivative-based ETF Report, including the classification system, falls under the supervision of the Global X Derivative-Based Strategy Classification Committee. The Committee consists of members from Global X's research and product teams who have extensive knowledge of the strategies themselves and the ETF industry. The goal of the committee is to properly identify and classify ETFs that fit the 3 principles. The Committee meets at least monthly to review the classification system, as well as on an ad-hoc basis to review new ETF launches or ETFs that change their strategy.

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